

Tentative Specification
Preliminary Specification
Approval Specification

# MODEL NO.: V420H2 SUFFIX: LS2

Ver.:C7.

Customer:	
APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
Name / Title Note	
Please return 1 copy for your cor signature and comments.	nfirmation with your

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Version 2.0 1 Date : 20 July 2011

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### **REVISION HISTORY**

Version	Date	Page(New)	Section	Description
Ver. 1.0	Jun. 23,2011	ALL	ALL	The Preliminary specification was first issued.
	July. 1,2011	51	Appendix A	Local Dimming demo func.
Ver. 2.0	July. 20,2011	ALL	ALL	The Approval specification was first issued.



### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 OVERVIEW

V420H2- LS2 is a 42" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with LED Backlight and 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1920 x 1080 Full HDTV format and can display 16.7M colors. The converter module for backlight is built-in.

#### **1.2 FEATURES**

- Brightness (350 nits)
- Ultra-high contrast ratio (5000:1)
- Faster response time (gray to gray average 6 ms)
- High color saturation NTSC 72% (72%)
- Ultra wide viewing angle: 176(H)/176(V) (CR≥20) with Super MVA technology
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface
- Low color shift function
- RoHs compliance

### 1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD TVs
- Multi-Media Display

#### 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	930.24 (H) x 523.26 (V) (42" diagonal)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	938.4 (H) x 531 (V)	mm	
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	
Pixel Number	1920 x R.G.B. x 1080	pixel	
Pixel Pitch (Sub Pixel)	0.1615 (H) x 0.4845 (V)	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	
Power Consumption	84.7W (LVDS input Power 14.7 W+Backlight Power 70 W)	Watt	(2)
Display Colors	16.7M	color	
Display Operation Mode	Transmissive mode / Normally Black	-	
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare Coating (Haze 11%) Hard Coating (3H)	-	(3)

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings in chapter 9 for more information about the front and back outlines.

Note (2) Please refer sec 3.1 and 3.2 for more information of Power consumption

Note (3) The spec. of the surface treatment is temporarily for this phase. CMI reserves the rights to change this feature.



### 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal(H)	1	968.4	-	mm	(1)
	Vertical(V)	-	564	-	mm	(1)
Module Size	Depth(D)	-	10.8	-	mm	
	Depth(D)	22.6	23.6	24.6	mm	To converter cover
Weight		7790	8200	8610		

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.



### 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

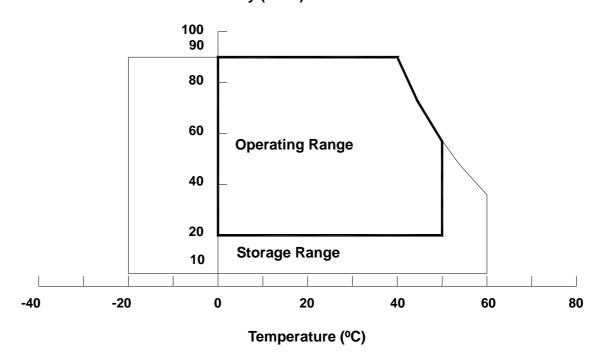
#### 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-20	+60	٥C	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0	+50	٥C	(1), (2)
Shock (Non-Operating)	S <sub>NOP</sub>	-	50	G	(3), (5)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	$V_{NOP}$	-	1.0	G	(4), (5)

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta  $\leq$  40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.
- Note (2) The maximum operating temperature is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 65 °C with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 65 °C. The range of operating temperature may degrade in case of improper thermal management in final product design.
- Note (3) 11 ms, half sine wave, 1 time for  $\pm X$ ,  $\pm Y$ ,  $\pm Z$ .
- Note (4) 10 ~ 200 Hz, 10 min, 1 time each X, Y, Z.
- Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

### **Relative Humidity (%RH)**



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### 2.2 PACKAGE STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precaution is necessary.

- (a) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35°C at normal humidity without condensation.
- (b) The module shall be stored in dark place. Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight or fluorescent light.

### 2.3 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

#### 2.3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	13.5	V	
Input Signal Voltage	Vin	-0.3	3.6	V	

### 2.3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Туре	Max.	Unit	Note
Light Bar Voltage	$V_W$	Ta = 25 °C	1	ı	60	$V_{RMS}$	3D Mode
Converter Input Voltage	$V_{BL}$	-	0	-	30	V	
Control Signal Level	-	-	-0.3	-	7	V	

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions described under normal operating conditions.

Note (2) No moisture condensation or freezing.

Note (3) The control signals include On/Off Control and External PWM Control.



### 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

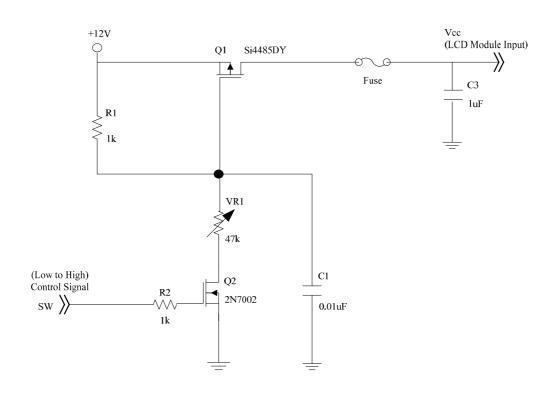
 $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \, ^{\circ}C$ 

Parameter		Cumbal	Value			l loit	Note
Pi	arameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	- Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage		V <sub>CC</sub>	10.8	12	13.2	V	(1)
Rush Current		I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	-	5.1	А	(2)
	White Pattern	-		14.7	19.1	W	
Power Consumption	Horizontal on Stripe	-		12.5	16.3	W	
	Black Pattern	-		5.7	7.4	W	(0)
_	White Pattern	-	-	1.22	1.59	А	(3)
Power Supply Current	Horizontal Stripe	-	-	1.04	1.35	А	
	Black Pattern	-	-	0.47	0.61	А	
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	$V_{LVTH}$	+100	-	-	mV	
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{LVTL}}$	-	-	-100	mV	
interface	Common Input Voltage	$V_{CM}$	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	(4)
	Differential input voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	200	-	600	mV	
	Terminating Resistor	R <sub>T</sub>	-	100	-	ohm	
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	$V_{IH}$	2.7	-	3.3	V	
interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	$V_{IL}$	0	-	0.7	V	

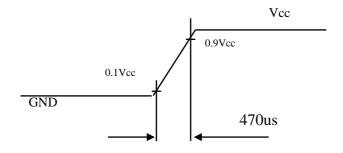
Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:





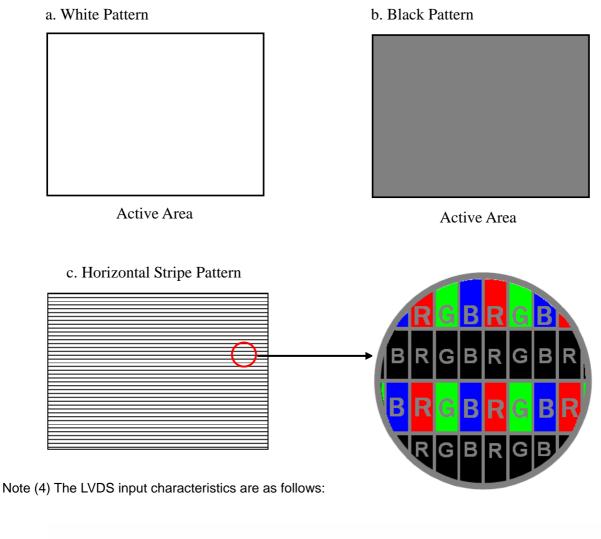
### Vcc rising time is 470us

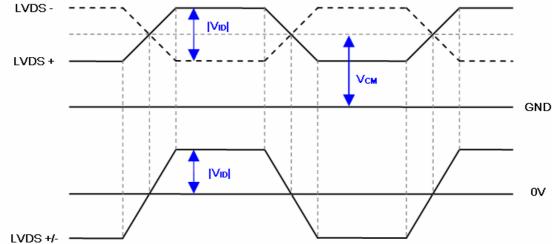


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Note (3) The specified power consumption and power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 12 V,  $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $f_v = 120 \,\text{Hz}$ , whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.





Note (5) The EPWM interface that inserts a pull up resistor to 5V in Max Duty (100%), please refers to Fig.2.



#### 3.2 BACKLIGHT CONVERTER UNIT

### **3.2.1 LED LIGHT BAR CHARACTERISTICS** (Ta = $25 \pm 2$ °C)

The backlight unit contains 2pcs light bar.

Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Total Current (16 String)	If	-	2080	2204.8	mA	
One String Comment	I <sub>L(2D)</sub>	-	130	137.8	mA	
One String Current	I <sub>L(3D)</sub>	-	390	413.4	mApeak	3D ENA=ON
LED Forward Voltage	$V_{f}$	3.0	-	3.75	$V_{DC}$	I <sub>L</sub> =130mA
One String Voltage	$V_{W}$	27.0	-	33.75	$V_{DC}$	I <sub>L</sub> =130mA
One String Voltage Variation	$\triangle V_W$	-	-	1.5	V	
Life time	-	30,000	-	-	Hrs	(1)

Note (1) The lifetime is defined as the time which luminance of the LED decays to 50% compared to the initial value, Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta =  $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C, I<sub>L</sub> =130mA

### 3.2.2 CONVERTER CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = $25 \pm 2$ °C)

Dorometer	Cymbol		Value		Linit	Note	
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
Power Consumption	P <sub>BL(2D)</sub>	-	70.2	80.7	W	(1), (2) IL = 130 mA	
Fower Consumption	P <sub>BL(3D)</sub>	-	55.2	64.2	W	(1), (2) IL=3*typ.	
Converter Input Voltage	VBL	22.8	24.0	25.2	VDC		
Converter Input Current	I <sub>BL(2D)</sub>	-	2.93	3.36	А	Non Dimming	
	I <sub>BL(3D)</sub>	-	2.3	2.68	Α		
Input Insuch Current	I <sub>R(2D)</sub>	-	-	4.56	Apeak	V <sub>BL</sub> =22.8V,(IL=typ.) (3), (6)	
Input Inrush Current	I <sub>R(3D)</sub>	-	-	8.41	Apeak	V <sub>BL</sub> =22.8V,(IL=3*typ.) (3), (6)	
Dimming Frequency	FB	150	160	170	Hz	(5)	
Minimum Duty Ratio	DMIN	5	10	-	%	(4), (5)	

Note (1) The power supply capacity should be higher than the total converter power consumption P<sub>BL</sub>. Since the pulse width modulation (PWM) mode was applied for backlight dimming, the driving current changed as PWM duty on and off. The transient response of power supply should be considered for the changing loading when converter dimming.

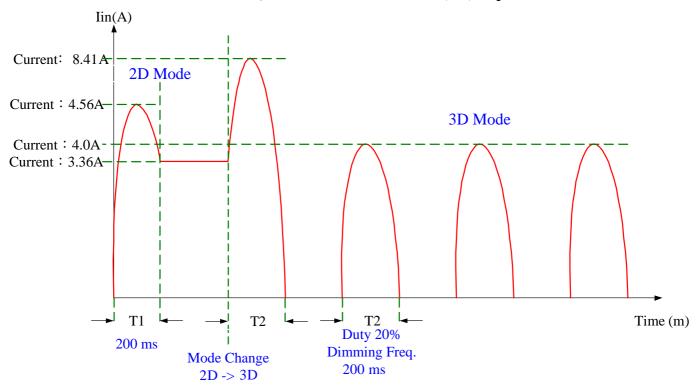
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- Note (2) The measurement condition of Max. value is based on 42" backlight unit under input voltage 24V, average LED current 137.8 mA at 2D Mode (LED current 413.4 mA<sub>peak</sub> at 3D Mode) and lighting 1 hour later.
- Note (3) For input inrush current measure, the VBL rising time from 10% to 90% is about 30ms.
- Note (4) 5% minimum duty ratio is only valid for electrical operation.
- Note (5) FB and DMIN are available only at 2D Mode.

Note (6) Below diagram is only for power supply design reference.

### Test Condition: V<sub>BL</sub>=22.8V, IL=130mA at 2D Mode/ IL=(390)mApeak at 3D Mode



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### 3.2.3 CONVERTER INTERFACE CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Symbol	Test		Value		Unit	nit Note	
		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Min. Typ. Max.		Offic	14010	
On/Off Control Voltage	ON	VBLON	_	2.0	_	5.0	V		
On/On Control voltage	OFF	VBLOIN	_	0	_	0.8	V		
External PWM Control	ні		_	2.0	_	5.25	V	Duty on	(E) (G)
Voltage	LO	VEPWM	_	0	_	0.8	V	Duty off	(5), (6)
Error Signal		ERR	-	_	_	_	I	Abnorma colle Norma	ector I: GND
VBL Rising Time		Tr1		30	_	_	ms	10%-9	0%V <sub>BL</sub>
Control Signal Rising Time		Tr		_	_	100	ms		
Control Signal Falling Ti	Control Signal Falling Time				_	100	ms		
PWM Signal Rising Time	Э	TPWMR		_	_	50	us	(6	.,
PWM Signal Falling Tim	е	TPWMF	_	_	_	50	us	(0	))
Input Impedance		Rin	_	1	_	_	ΜΩ	EPWM	BLON
PWM Delay Time		TPWM	_	100	_	_	ms	(6	5)
BLON Delay Time		T <sub>on</sub>	_	300	_	_	ms		
		T <sub>on1</sub>	_	300	_	_	ms		
BLON Off Time		Toff	_	300	_	_	ms		

- Note (1) The Dimming signal should be valid before backlight turns on by BLON signal. It is inhibited to change the external PWM signal during backlight turn on period.
- Note (2) The power sequence and control signal timing are shown in the Fig.1. For a certain reason, the converter has a possibility to be damaged with wrong power sequence and control signal timing.
- Note (3) While system is turned ON or OFF, the power sequences must follow as below descriptions:

Turn ON sequence:  $VBL \rightarrow PWM \text{ signal} \rightarrow BLON$ 

Turn OFF sequence: BLOFF → PWM signal → VBL

- Note (4) When converter protective function is triggered, ERR will output open collector status.
- Note (5) The EPWM interface that inserts a pull up resistor to 5V in Max Duty (100%), please refers to Fig.2.

Note (6) EPWM is available only at 2D Mode.



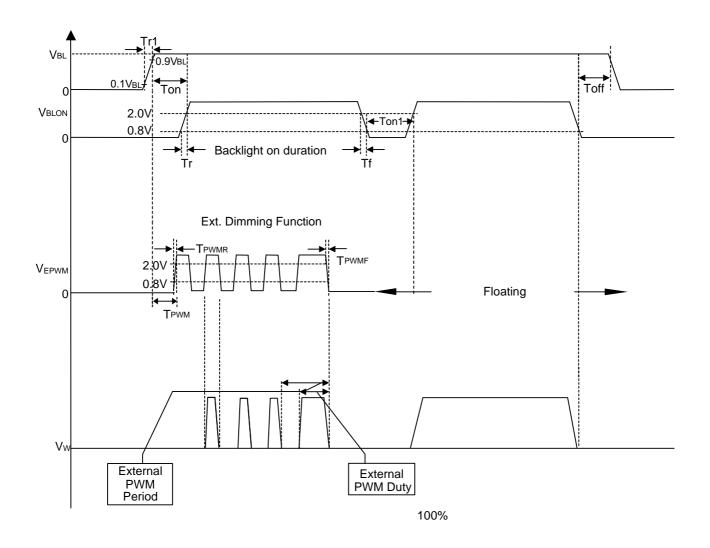
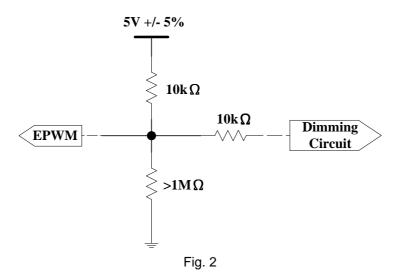


Fig. 1

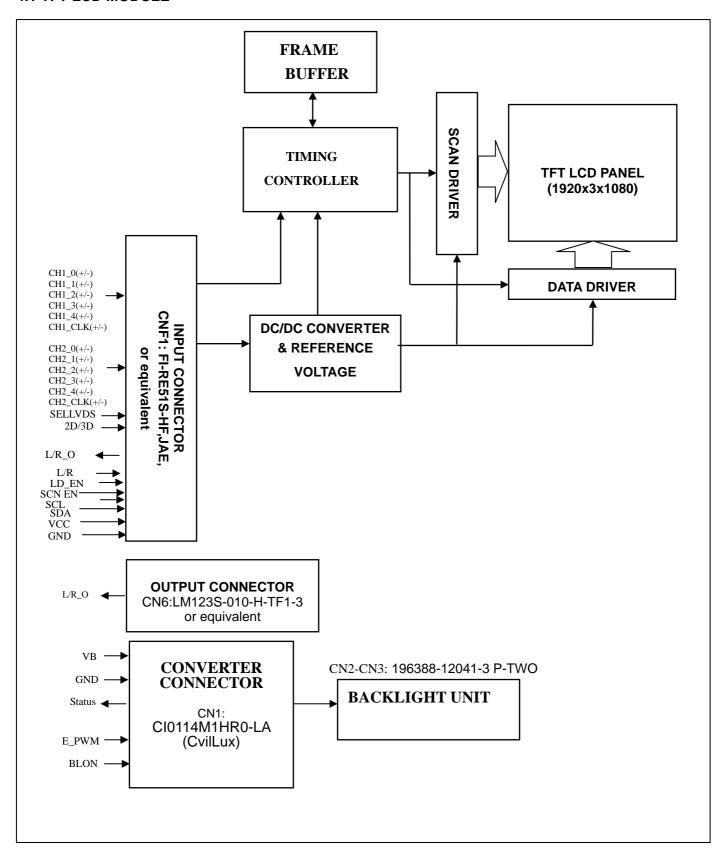


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### 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE

#### 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE





### 5. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION

### **5.1 TFT LCD MODULE**

CNF1 Connector Pin Assignment: (FI-RE51S-HF(JAE) or equivalent)

Pin	Name	Description	Note	
1	N.C.	No Connection	(1)	
2	SCL	I2C Serial Clock (Reserved for 3D format selection function)	(44)	
3	SDA	I2C Serial Data (Reserved for 3D format selection function)	(11)	
4	N.C.	No Connection	(1)	
5	L/R_O	Output signal for Left Right Glasses control	(10)	
6	N.C.	No Connection	(1)	
7	SELLVDS	Input signal for LVDS Data Format Selection	(2)(7)	
8	N.C.	No Connection		
9	N.C.	No Connection	(1)	
10	N.C.	No Connection		
11	GND	Ground		
12	ORX0-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 0		
13	ORX0+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 0		
14	ORX1-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	(0)	
15	ORX1+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	(9)	
16	ORX2-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 2		
17	ORX2+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 2		
18	GND	Ground		
19	OCLK-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential clock input	(0)	
20	OCLK+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential clock input	(9)	
21	GND	Ground		
22	ORX3-	Odd pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 3		
23	ORX3+	Odd pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 3		
24	N.C.	No Connection	(9)	
25	N.C.	No Connection		
26	2D/3D	Input signal for 2D/3D Mode Selection	(3)(6)(8)	
27	L/R	Input signal for Left Right eye frame synchronous(Frame sequence mode)	(4)(8)	



28	ERX0-	Even pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 0		
29	ERX0+	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 0		
30	ERX1-	Even pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 1	(0)	
31	ERX1+ Even pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 1		(9)	
32	ERX2-	Even pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 2		
33	ERX2+	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 2		
34	GND	Ground		
35	ECLK-	Even pixel Negative LVDS differential clock input.	(0)	
36	ECLK+	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential clock input.	(9)	
37	GND	Ground		
38	ERX3-	Even pixel Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 3		
39	ERX3+	Even pixel Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 3	(0)	
40	N.C.	No Connection	(9)	
41	N.C.	No Connection		
42	LD_EN	Input signal for Local Dimming Enable	(5)(8)	
43	SCN_EN	Input signal for Scanning Enable	(6)(8)	
44	GND	Ground		
45	GND	Ground		
46	GND	Ground		
47	N.C.	No Connection		
48	VCC	+12V power supply		
49	VCC	+12V power supply		
50	VCC	+12V power supply		
51	VCC	+12V power supply		
	•	-	•	

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### CN6 Connector Pin Assignment (LM123S-010-H-TF1-3 (UNE) or equivalent)

		, , , , , ,	
1	N.C.	No Connection	
2	N.C.	No Connection	(1)
3	N.C.	No Connection	
4	GND	Ground	
5	N.C.	No Connection	(1)
6	L/R_O	Output signal for Left Right Glasses control	(10)
7	N.C.	No Connection	
8	N.C.	No Connection	(1)
9	N.C.	No Connection	(1)
10	N.C.	No Connection	

Note (1) Reserved for internal use. Please leave it open.

Note (2) LVDS format selection.

L= Connect to GND, H=Connect to +3.3V or Open

SELLVDS Note			
L	JEIDA Format		
H or Open	VESA Format		

Note (3) 2D/3D mode selection.

L= Connect to GND, H=Connect to +3.3V

	,
2D/3D	Note
L or Open	2D Mode
Н	3D Mode

Note (4) Input signal for Left Right eye frame synchronous

$$V_{IL}=0~0.8 \text{ V}, V_{IH}=2.0~3.3 \text{ V}$$

L/R	Note
L	Right synchronous signal
Н	Left synchronous signal

Note (5) Local dimming enable selection.

L= Connect to GND, H=Connect to +3.3V

LD_EN	Note
L	Local Dimming Disable
Н	Local Dimming Enable

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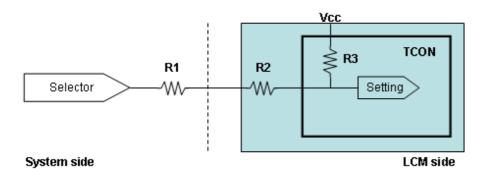
Note (6) Scanning enable selection.

L= Connect to GND or Open, H=Connect to +3.3V

SCN_EN	Note
L or Open	Scanning Disable
Н	Scanning Enable

Note (7) SELLVDS signal pin connected to the LCM side has the following diagram.

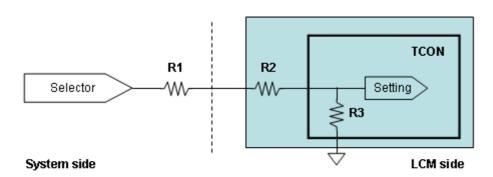
R1 in the system side should be less than 1K Ohm. (R1 < 1K Ohm)



System side R1 < 1K

Note (8) 2D/3D, L/R, LD\_EN and SCN\_EN signal pin connected to the LCM side has the following diagram.

R1 in the system side should be less than 1K Ohm. (R1 < 1K Ohm)



System side: R1 < 1K

Note (9) Two pixel data send into the module for every clock cycle. The first pixel of the frame is odd pixel and the second pixel is even pixel.

Note (10) The definition of L/R\_O signal as follows

L= 0V , H= +3.3V

L/R_O	Note



L	Right glass turn on
Н	Left glass turn on

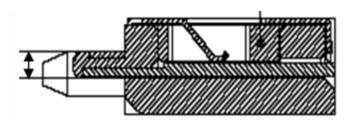
### Note (11) Please reference Appendix A

Currently, we only support line alternative format (1<sup>st</sup> line is left signal), show as the attached block diagram. In the future, we will support other format.



Line alternative format

Note (12) LVDS connector mating dimension range request is 0.93mm~1.0mm as follow



### **5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT**

The pin configuration for the housing and leader wire is shown in the table below.

CN1-CN2 (Housing): 196388-12041-3 (P-TWO) or equivalent

Pin №	Symbol	Feature
1	VLED-	
2	VLED-	
3	VLED-	
4	VLED-	Nagativa of LED String
5	VLED-	Negative of LED String
6	VLED-	
7	VLED-	
8	VLED-	
9	NC	No Connection
10	NC	No Connection
11	VLED+	Positive of LED String
12	VLED+	Fusitive of LED String

### **5.3 CONVERTER UNIT**

CN1(Header): CL0114M1HR0-LA (CvilLux)

Pin №	Symbol	Feature					
1							
2							
3	VBL	+24V					
4							
5							
6							
7							
8	GND	GND					
9							
10							
11	ERR	Normal (GND) Abnormal (Open collector)					
12	BLON	BL ON/OFF					
13	NC	NC					
14	E_PWM	External PWM Control					

Notice 1. If Pin14 is open, E\_PWM is 100% duty.

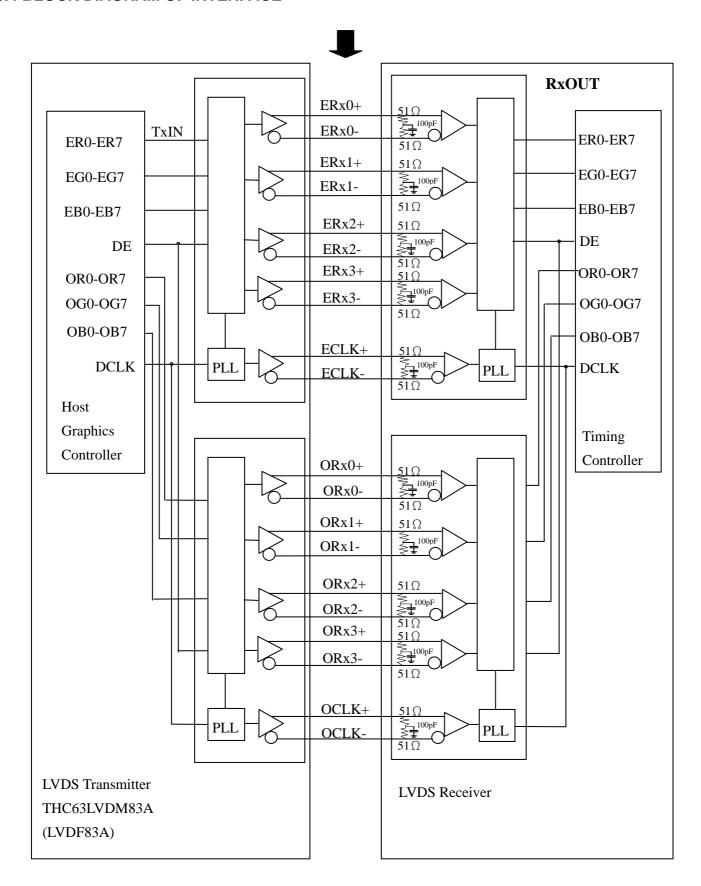


CN2 ~ CN3: 196388-12041-3 (P-TWO) or equivalent

Pin №	Symbol	Feature
1	VLED-	
2	VLED-	
3	VLED-	
4	VLED-	Negative of LED String
5	VLED-	Negative of LED String
6	VLED-	
7	VLED-	
8	VLED-	
9	NC	No Connection
10	NC	No Connection
11	VLED+	Positive of LED String
12	VLED+	F USITIVE OF LED SHITING



### 5.4 BLOCK DIAGRAM OF INTERFACE







ER0~ER7: Even pixel R data EG0~EG7: Even pixel G data EB0~EB7: Even pixel B data OR0~OR7: Odd pixel R data OG0~OG7: Odd pixel G data OB0~OB7: Odd pixel B data DE: Data enable signal

DCLK: Data clock signal

Notes (1) The system must have the transmitter to drive the module.

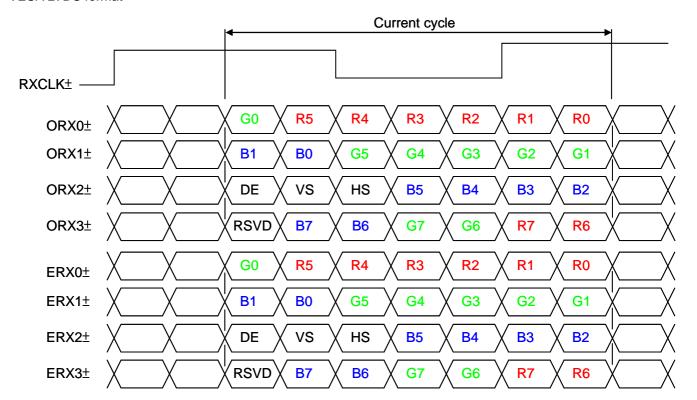
Notes (2) LVDS cable impedance shall be 50 ohms per signal line or about 100 ohms per twist-pair line when it is used differentially.

### **5.5 LVDS INTERFACE**

JEIDA Format : SELLVDS = L

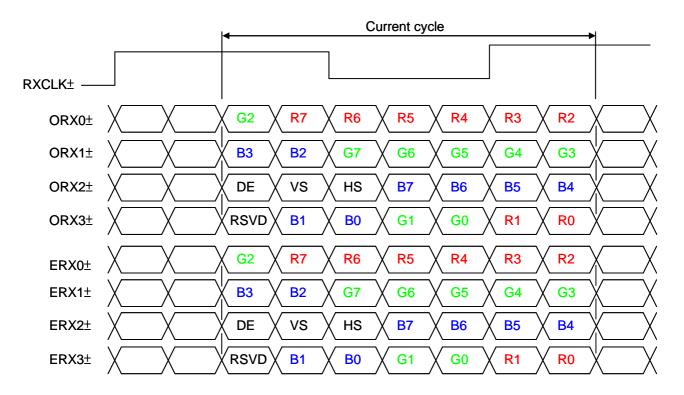
VESA Format : SELLVDS = H or Open

#### **VESA LVDS format**





### JEDIA LVDS format





### **5.6 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT**

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of the color versus data input.

												Da	ata	Sigr	nal			ı							
	Color				Re	ed							G	reer	1						Blu	ue			
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	В6	B5	B4	В3	B2	В1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red (253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green (253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0.00	Green (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue (0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Blue (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Scale	Blue (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
5.00	Blue (253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1



Blue (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



### 6. INTERFACE TIMING

### **6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS** (Ta = $25 \pm 2$ °C)

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	F <sub>clkin</sub> (=1/TC)	60	74.25	77	MHz	
LVDS Receiver	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T <sub>rcl</sub>	-	-	200	ps	(3)
Clock	Spread spectrum modulation range	Fclkin_mo	F <sub>clkin</sub> -2%	-	F <sub>clkin</sub> +2%	MHz	(4)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F <sub>SSM</sub>	-	-	200	KHz	(4)
LVDS	Setup Time	Tlvsu	600	-	-	ps	
Receiver Data	Hold Time	Tlvhd	600	-	-	ps	(5)

### 6.1.1 Timing spec for Frame Rate =50Hz

Signal	1	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Frame rate	2D	mode	F <sub>r5</sub>	47	50	53	Hz	
Frame rate	3D	mode	F <sub>r5</sub>	50	50	50	Hz	(7)
		Total	Tv	1115	1125	1380	Th	Tv=Tvd+Tv b
Vertical	2D Mode	Display	Tvd	1080	1080	1080	Th	_
Active		Blank	Tvb	35	45	300	Th	_
Display Term		Total	Tv		1350		Th	
	3D Mdoe	Display	Tvd		1080		Th	(6)(8)
		Blank	Tvb		270		Th	
Horizontal Active		Total	Th	1050	1100	1150	Тс	Th=Thd+T hb
Display	2D Mode	Display	Thd	960	960	960	Tc	_
Term		Blank	Thb	90	140	190	Tc	_
	3D Mdoe	Total	Th	1050	1100	1150 Tc		Th=Thd+T hb
		Display	Thd	960	960	960	Tc	_



	Blank	Thb	90	140	190	Tc	_

### 6.1.2 Timing spec for Frame Rate = 60Hz

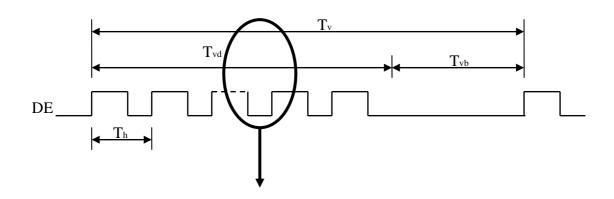
Signal	1	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Frame rate	2D	mode	F <sub>r6</sub>	57	60	62.5	Hz	
Frame rate	3D	mode	F <sub>r6</sub>	60	60	60	Hz	(7)
		Total	Tv	1115	1125	1380	Th	Tv=Tvd+Tv b
Vertical	2D Mode	Display	Tvd	1080	1080	1080	Th	_
Active		Blank	Tvb	35	45	300	Th	_
Display Term	3D Mdoe	Total	Tv		1125	Th		
101111		Display	Tvd		1080	Th	(6), (8)	
		Blank	Tvb		45	Th		
		Total	Th	1050	1100	1150	Тс	Th=Thd+T hb
Horizontal	2D Mode	Display	Thd	960	960	960	Tc	_
Active		Blank	Thb	90	140	190	Tc	_
Display Term		Total	Th	1050	1100	1150	Тс	Th=Thd+T hb
	3D Mdoe	Display	Thd	960	960	960	Tc	_
		Blank	Thb	90	140	190	Tc	_

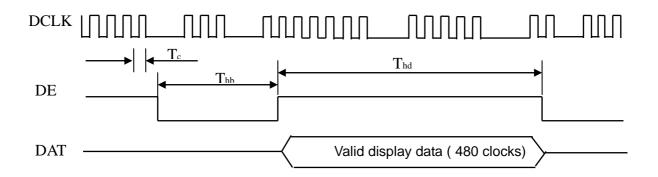
Note (1) Please make sure the range of pixel clock has follow the below equation:

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{Fclkin(max)} \ge \text{Fr}_6 \times \text{Tv} \times \text{Th} \\ & \text{Fr}_5 \times \text{Tv} \times \text{Th} \ge \text{Fclkin(min)} \end{aligned}$ 

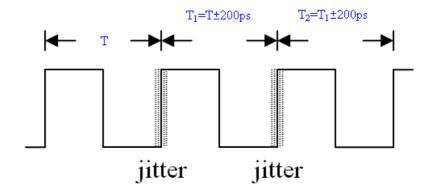


### **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM**





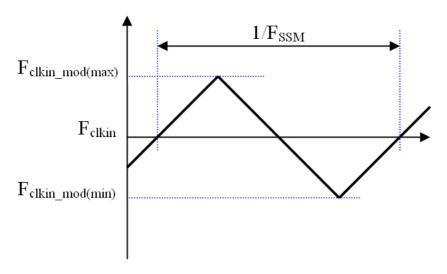
Note (2) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl =  $IT_1 - TI$ 



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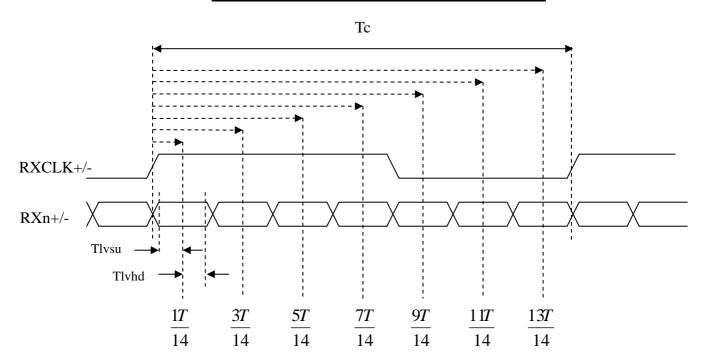


Note (3)The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



Note (4) The LVDS timing diagram and setup/hold time is defined and showing as the following figures.

### LVDS RECEIVER INTERFACE TIMING DIAGRAM



- Note (5) Please fix the Vertical timing (Vertical Total =1350 / Display =1080 / Blank = 270) in 50Hz 3D mode and Vertical timing (Vertical Total =1125 / Display =1080 / Blank = 45) in 60Hz 3D mode
- Note (6)In 3D mode, the set up Fr5 and Fr6 in Typ. ±3 HZ .In order to ensure that the electric function performance to avoid no display symptom.(Except picture quality symptom.)
- Note (7)In 3D mode, the set up Tv and Tvb in Typ. ±30.In order to ensure that the electric function performance to avoid no display symptom.(Except picture quality symptom.)

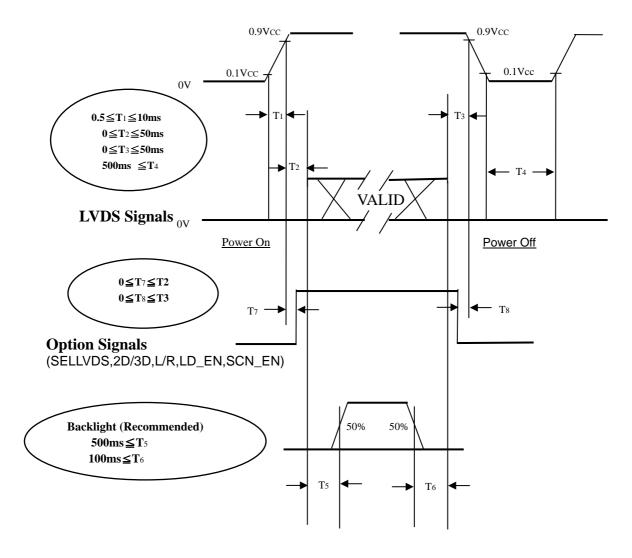
Version 2.0 32 Date : 20 July 2011



### **6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE**

### **6.2.1 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE**(Ta = $25 \pm 2$ °C)

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.

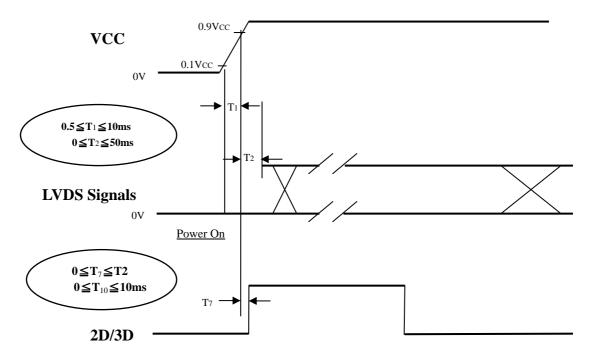


Power ON/OFF Sequence

Version 2.0 33 Date: 20 July 2011



### 6.2.2 2D/3D MODE CHANGE SIGNAL SEQUENCE WITHOUT VCC TURN OFF AND TURN ON



- Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should follow the definition of Vcc.
- Note (2) Apply the LED voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- Note (3) In case of Vcc is in off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or high impedance. If T2<0,that maybe cause electrical overstress failure.
- Note (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Note (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

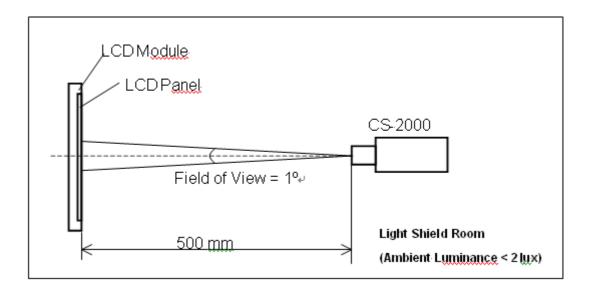


### 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit						
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	оС						
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH						
Supply Voltage	VCC	12	V						
Input Signal	According to typical v	According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"							
LED Current	IL	130	mA						
Vertical Frame Rate	Fr	120	Hz						

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 1 hour to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting backlight for 1 hour in a windless room.





### 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

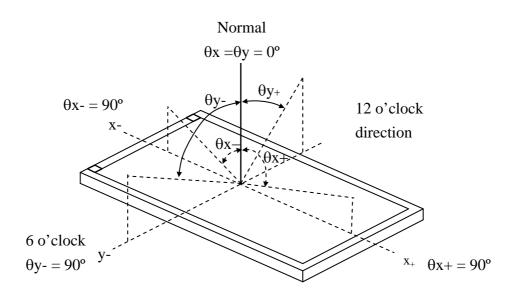
The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in 7.1.

Ite	m	;	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio	0		CR		3500	5000	-	-	(2)
Response Tin	ne (VA)	Gra	ay to gray		-	6	12	ms	(3)
Center Lumin	ance of		2D		280	350	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	(4)
White		L <sub>C</sub>	3D		-	45	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	(8)
White Variation		δW			-	ı	1.3	-	(6)
			2D		-	-	4	%	(5)
Cross Talk		СТ	3D-W		-	4	-	%	(8)
			3D-D		-	11	-	%	(8)
	Rx		θx=0°, θy =0°		0.645		-		
	Red		Ry	Viewing angle		0.326		-	
	Green		Gx	at normal direction		0.290		-	
	Orcen		Gy		Тур.	0.624	Тур.	-	
Color	Blue	Вх			-0.03	0.155	+0.03	-	-
Chromaticity	Dide	Ву				0.049		-	
	White	Wx				0.280		-	
	vviille		Wy			0.290		ı	
	Correlated	color t	emperature		-	10000	-	K	-
	Color C.G.			-	72	-	%	NTSC	
	Horizontal		θ <b>x</b> +		80	88	-		
Viewing	Tionzoniai		θ <b>x</b> -	CB>20	80	88			(1)
Angle	Vertical		θу+	CR≥20	80	88	-	Deg.	(1)
θy-			80	88	-				
Transmission direction of the up polarizer		Фир		-	-	90	-	Deg.	(7)



#### Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle $(\theta x, \theta y)$ :

Viewing angles are measured by Autronic Conoscope Cono-80



#### Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

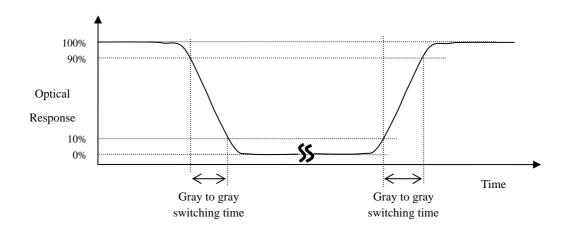
The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR (5), where CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at the figure in Note (6).

#### Note (3) Definition of Gray-to-Gray Switching Time:

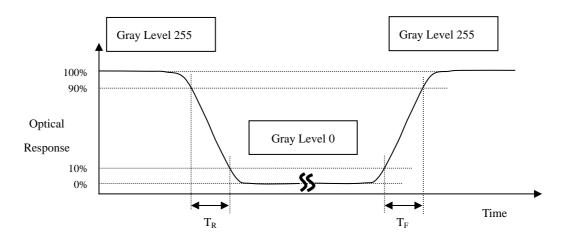


The driving signal means the signal of gray level 0, 124, 252, 380, 508, 636, 764, 892 and 1023.



Gray to gray average time means the average switching time of gray level 0, 124, 252, 380, 508, 636, 764, 892 and 1023 to each other.

Definition of Response Time (T<sub>R</sub>, T<sub>F</sub>):



Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L<sub>C</sub>):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point and 5 points

 $L_C = L$  (5), where L (X) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at the figure in Note (6).



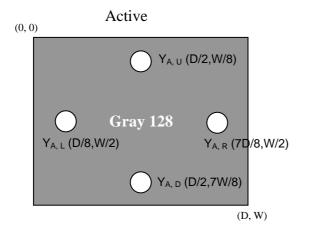
Note (5) Definition of Cross Talk (CT):

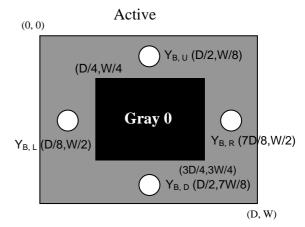
$$CT = | Y_B - Y_A | / Y_A \times 100 (\%)$$

Where:

Y<sub>A</sub> = Luminance of measured location without gray level 0 pattern (cd/m2)

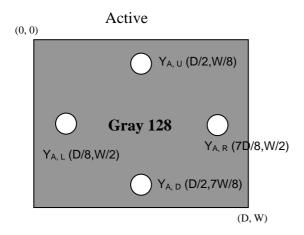
Y<sub>B</sub> = Luminance of measured location with gray level 0 pattern (cd/m2)

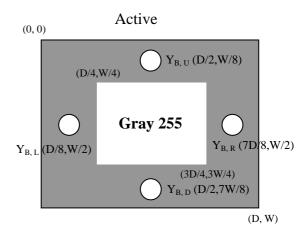




Y<sub>A</sub> = Luminance of measured location without gray level 255 pattern (cd/m2)

Y<sub>B</sub> = Luminance of measured location with gray level 255 pattern (cd/m2)



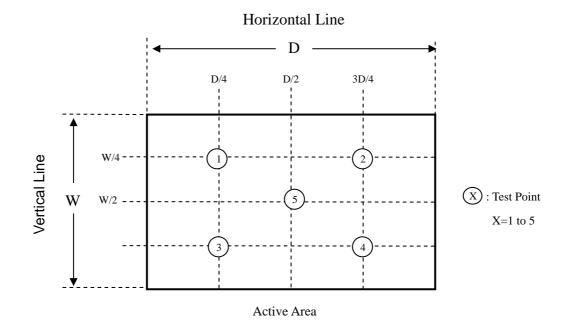




Note (6) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

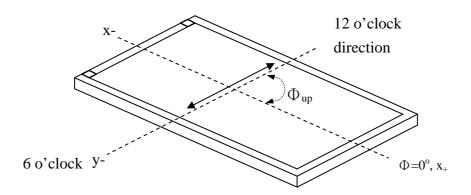
Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 5 points

 $\delta W = Maximum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)] / Minimum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]$ 

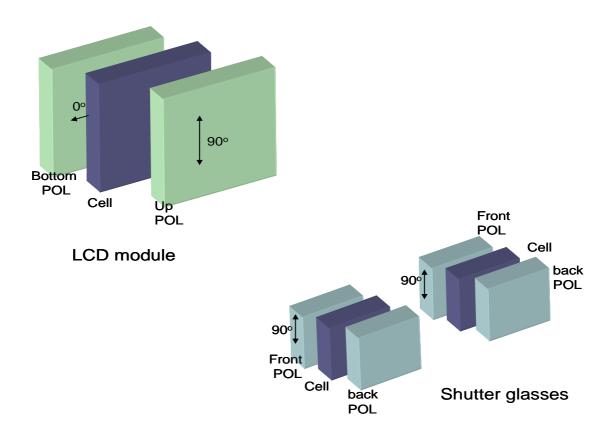




Note (7) This is a reference for designing the shutter glasses of 3D application. (VA) Definition of the transmission direction of the up polarizer:



The transmission axis of the front polarizer of the shutter glasses should be parallel to this panel transmission direction to get a maximum 3D mode luminance.



Note(8) Definition of the 3D mode performance (measured under 3D mode, use CMI's shutter glass):

a. Test pattern

Left eye image and right eye image are displayed alternated

WW

Left eye image: W255; Right eye image: W255

WB

Left eye image: W255; Right eye image: W0

BW

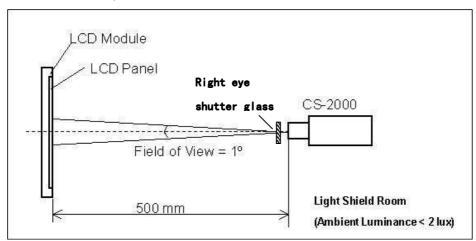
Left eye image: W0; Right eye image: W255



BB

Left eye image: W0; Right eye image: W0

b. Measurement setup



Shutter glasses are well controlled under suitable timing, and measure the luminance of the center point of the panel through the right eye glass. The transmittance of the glass should be larger than 40.0% under 3D mode operation.

The luminance of the test pattern "WW", denoted L(WW); the luminance of the test pattern "WB", denoted L(WB); the luminance of the test pattern "BB", denoted L(BW); the luminance of the test pattern "BB", denoted "L(BB)

c. Definition of the Center Luminance of White, Lc (3D): L(WW)

d. Definition of the 3D mode white crosstalk, CT (3D-W) : 
$$CT(3D-W) \equiv \left| \frac{L(WB) - L(BB)}{L(WW) - L(BB)} \right|$$

e. Definition of the 3D mode dark crosstalk, CT (3D-D) : 
$$CT(3D-D) \equiv \left| \frac{L(WW) - L(BW)}{L(WW) - L(BB)} \right|$$

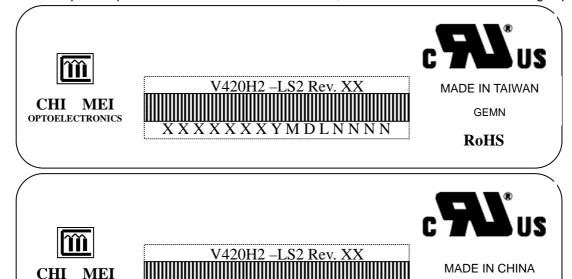
LEOO(or CAPG or CANO)



#### 8. DEFINITION OF LABELS

#### 8.1 CMI MODULE LABEL

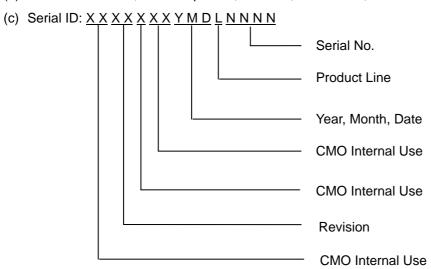
The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: V420H2-LS2

OPTOELECTRONICS

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.



Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4....2010=0, 2011=1, 2012=2....

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I,O, and U.

- (b) Revision Code: Cover all the change
- (c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product
- (d) Product Line: 1 -> Line1, 2 -> Line 2, ...etc.



#### 9. PACKAGING

#### 9.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

(1) 5 LCD TV modules / 1 Box

(2) Box dimensions: 1085(L)x296(W)x653(H)mm(3) Weight: Approx. 44 Kg(5 modules per carton)

#### 9.2 PACKING METHOD

Figures 9-1 and 9-2 are the packing method

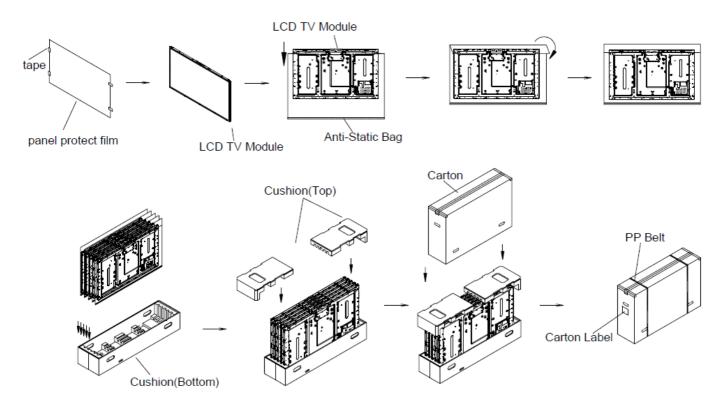


Figure.9-1 packing method

Sea / Land Transportation (40ft / 40ft HQ Container)

#### Air Transportation

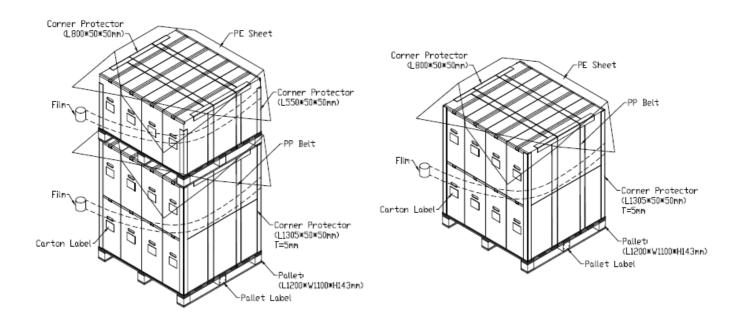


Figure.9-2 packing method



#### 10. International Standard

#### 10.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065: Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1:2005, IEC 60065:2001+ A1:2005; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission.
- (3) EN 60950-1:2006+ A11:2009, EN60065:2002 + A1:2006 + A11:2008; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

#### 10.2 EMC

- (1) ANSI C63.4 Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHZ. "Anerican National standards Institute(ANSI)
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment. "International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment. "European Committee for Electortechnical Standardization.(CENELEC)

#### 10.3 Environment

(1) RoHS, Directive 2002/95/EC of the European Parliament and of the council of 27 January 2003.



#### 11. PRECAUTIONS

#### 11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

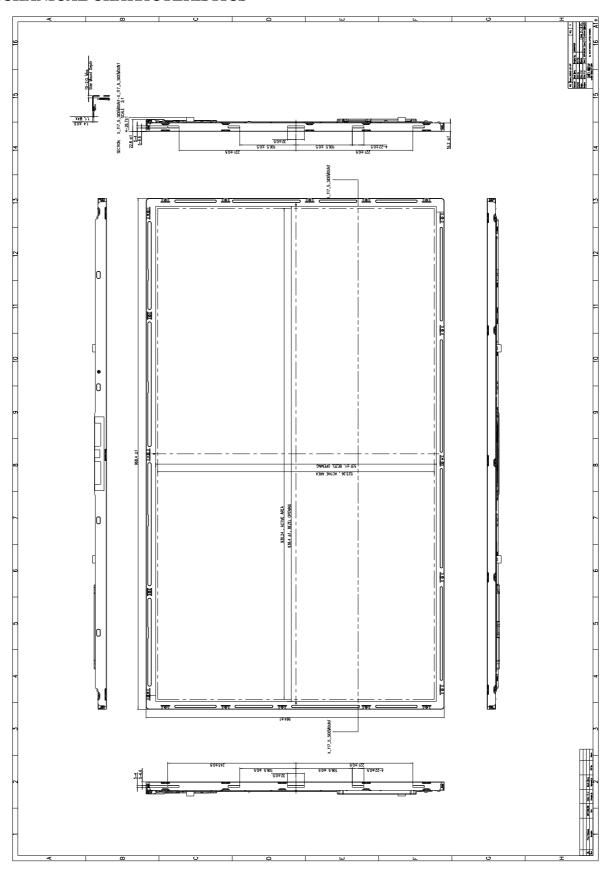
- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) It is recommended to assemble or to install a module into the user's system in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) Do not apply pressure or impulse to the module to prevent the damage of LCD panel and backlight.
- (4) Always follow the correct power-on sequence when the LCD module is turned on. This can prevent the damage and latch-up of the CMOS LSI chips.
- (5) Do not plug in or pull out the I/F connector while the module is in operation.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) Moisture can easily penetrate into LCD module and may cause the damage during operation.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may deteriorate the performance of LCD module. Please store LCD modules in the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C, the display quality might be reduced. For example, the response time will become slow, and the starting voltage of LED light bar will be higher than that of room temperature.

#### 11.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

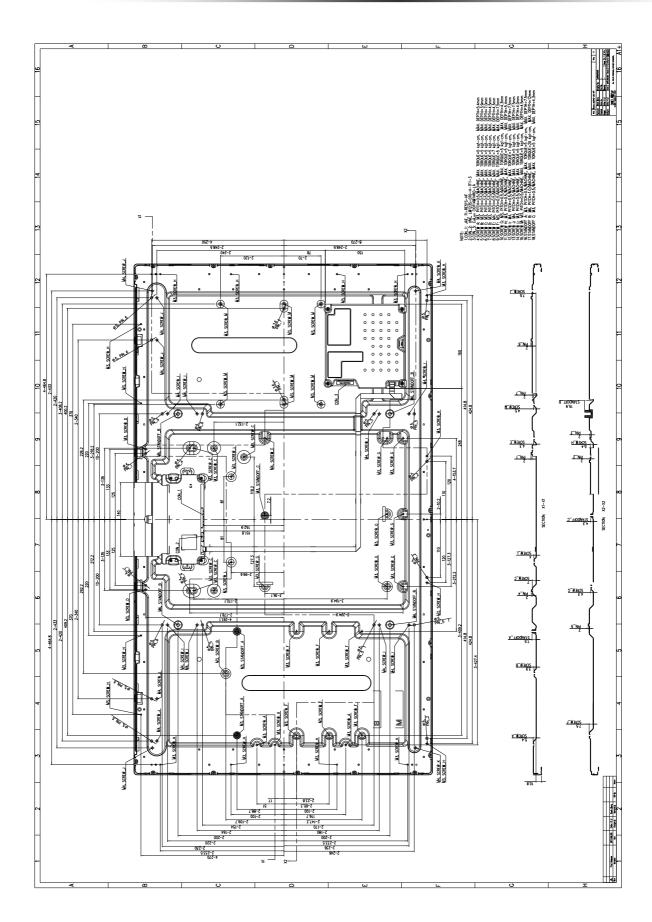
- (1) The startup voltage of a backlight is over 1000 Volts. It may cause an electrical shock while assembling with the converter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.



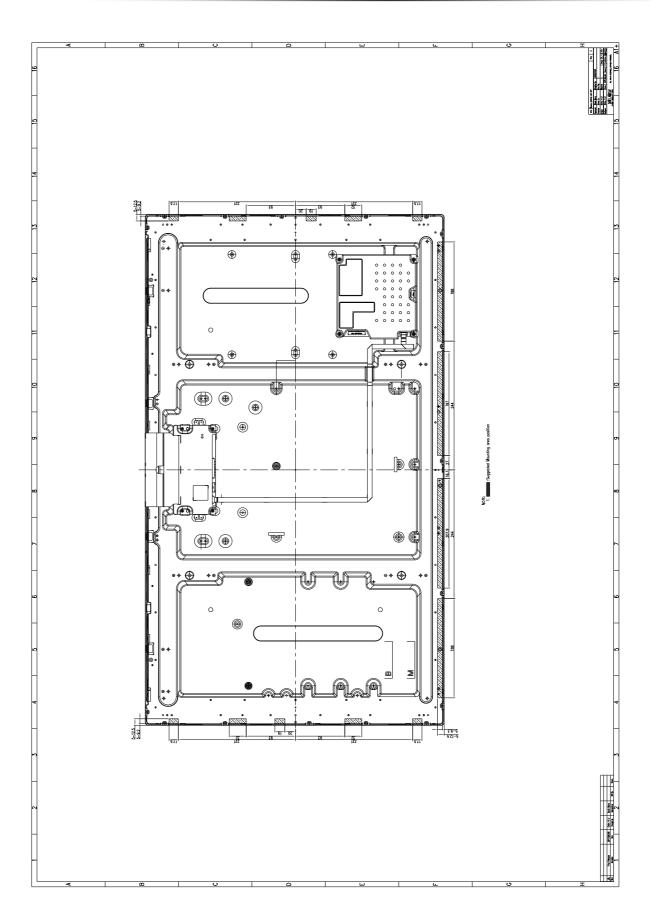
#### 12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS











Version 2.0 50 Date : 20 July 2011



# Appendix A. Local Dimming demo function Local Dimming demo function

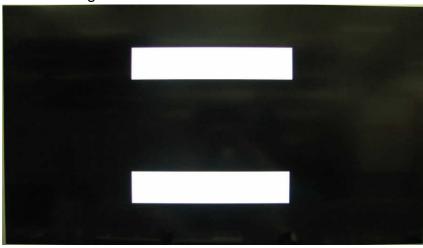
#### A.1 I2C address and write command

Device address: 0xe0 Register address: 0x65

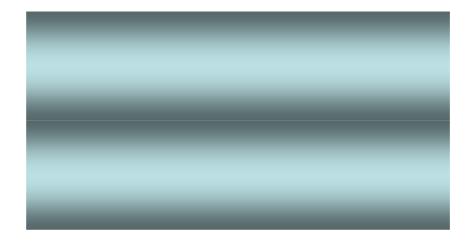
Preamble before each command is 0x26 0x38

Command data for OFF: 0x16 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 Command data for ON: 0x16 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x00 0x01

Note 1: Local Dimming demo OFF



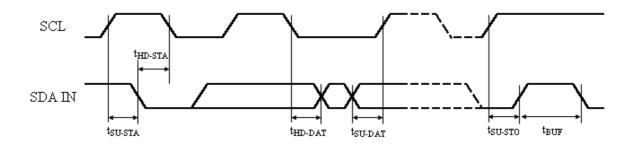
Note 2: Local Dimming demo ON



#### A.2 I2C timing



Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
$t_{SU-STA}$	Start setup time	250	-	ns
t <sub>HD-STA</sub>	Start hold time	250	-	ns
$t_{SU-DAT}$	t <sub>SU-DAT</sub> Data setup time		-	ns
t <sub>HD-DAT</sub>	t <sub>HD-DAT</sub> Data hold time		-	ns
t <sub>SU-STO</sub>	t <sub>SU-STO</sub> Stop setup time		-	ns
$t_{ m BUF}$	Time between Stop condition and next Start condition	500	-	ns





### **Appendix B. Reliability Test Items**

	Test item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°C,240hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20°C,240hrs
3 High temperature operation test		3	50°C,240hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	0°C,240hrs
5	Vibration test(non-operation)	3	10 ~ 200Hz, 1G, 10 minutes for 1 cycle, X, Y, Z, each direction for 1 time.  (Test environment: 25°C)
6	Shock test(non-operation)	3	50G, 11 ms, half sine wave, ±X, ±Y, ±Z direction, each direction for 1 time. (Test environment: 25℃)
7	Package Vibration	1BOX	1.14Grms Random frequency 1~200Hz 30min/Bottom, 15min/Right-Left, 15min/Front-Back
8	Package Drop	1BOX	1corner, 3edges, 6faces (1 time/direction), 45.29KG/20CM